

Sensor metadata

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SMIA++

- Defined by Nokia
- Standardises sensor features and register interface
 - Optional features enumerable by host
 - Queryable pixel array size
- Standardises frame metadata
 - For every frame, the sensor may be programmed to provide register settings used to expose a given frame

Type of information available per-frame basis

- Register address - values pairs
- Varies between sensors
- Examples
 - Image format related registers
 - Flash strobe status
 - Gain
 - Exposure time

Interpretation of the metadata

- The metadata is received by the bridge so the bridge driver has control over it
 - Must be interpreted by the sensor driver since its format is dependent on the sensor

Typical reasons for changes in metadata

- Status information from the sensor
 - Flash used / not
- Changed settings from user space
 - It's important to know which values have been used to expose a frame
 - Exposure and gain (analog and digital)

Frequency or changes to metadata

- Changes to metadata are user initiated, in a way or another
 - Sensor metadata changes rarely, or at least not more often than user changes sensor settings

API?

- Register values are typically offered as V4L2 controls
- The user space is interested in the changes
 - The other values it could have obtained by reading the appropriate controls
- V4L2 control events